



# ZAMBIA CSOs contribution strategy implementation

**MAILES ZULU: Vice Chair Person CSOs Network SADC GGWI  
Johannesburg 01<sup>st</sup> August 2023**

# SEPA in brief



Save Environment and People Agency (SEPA) is a Civil Society Organization founded in 2004 and registered with the registrar of societies in 2005

# SEPA in brief

**Core mandate:** To foster socio-economic development, environmental conservation and protection and improved governance to achieve sustainable livelihoods in rural communities.

SEPA also promotes gender equality, Health , Children's rights and HIV and AIDS mitigation.

**Vision:** Leading the way in transforming rural communities' livelihood by:

- promoting sustainable eco-friendly environment;
- pollution free water and air,
- healthy foods,
- improved livelihood and
- healthy society

# policy and legislative frameworks on climate change and gender

## Gender equality policy in Zambia document.

- The Constitution of Zambia guarantees equality between men and women, that every person are all equal.
- Part III fo the constitution . Article 8 of this document provides for national values and principles which include non-discrimination.

## The Zambian Land Policy No. 4 2021

- Zambia National Land Policy calls for 50% land allocation to women, 20% youths and 10% to people living with disability on both state and customary.

# policy and legislative frameworks on climate change and gender

## Nation water Policy of 2010

- Integrated Water Resources Management (IWRM): The policy emphasizes the implementation of IWRM principles, which involve coordinating the management of water resources across different sectors and stakeholders.
- Equitable Access and Distribution
- Sustainable Development
- Environmental Protection
- Climate Change Adaptation: The policy acknowledges the potential impacts of climate change on water resources and advocates for strategies to adapt to changing conditions and ensure water security.

# policy and legislative frameworks on climate change and gender

## National Climate Change Policy (2016)

- The policy aimed to promote sustainable development while enhancing resilience to climate change impacts. It recognized the need for a coordinated approach across sectors and outlined strategies for mitigation and adaptation

# Climate-related programmes that SEPA implementing that prioritize gender responsiveness

# Climate Smart agriculture and women empowerment



Production of health foods in Mufumbwe  
SDG No. 1, 2,3, 4, 5, 7,10.12, 13 and 15. 17



Land drilling and drip clean



Production of hot varieties of hot culture

Activities were part of Climate Smart agriculture in Mufumbwe district, north western



## Promoting sustainable land management and restoration: Kalumbili District



Management in  
we (funds from  
of Jesus of Latter



Preparation of  
fertilizer called Boachi  
using available  
materials



Production of using  
natural fertilizer

# Restoration and rehabilitation of degraded land: North western Province



**Tree planting with schools and communities**



**Line ministries  
(government departments)**

# Community Forest management: Zambezi district



**Promotion of sharing information and knowledge : Networking among communities' members**

## Land rights and conservation efforts ( Involving the community and the traditional Leaders)



# capacity and policy gaps that hinder the participation of women, youth, and vulnerable groups in climate change-related programmes

- Limited Access to Information and Education
- Lack of Representation and Participation
- Resource Constraints
- Youth Engagement: Limited platforms for meaningful youth engagement and participation in climate initiatives can deter young people from getting involved
- Lack of Tailored Policies
- Social and Cultural Barriers

# Recommendations

- Capacity building for these groups
- Grants have to go straight from the ground
- Support to CSOs implementing climate related trainings or programmes